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APPLICATION NO.			ATTORNEY DOCKET NO	CONFIRMATION NO. 5296	
1)9 665,617			506.39084X00		
20457 7	590 08 29 2002				
ANTONELLI TERRY STOUT AND KRAUS			EXAMINER		
SUITE 1800 1300 NORTH	SEVENTEENTH STREE	MARX, IRENE			
ARLINGTON,		<u> </u>			
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1651	G	
			DATE MAILED: 08 29 2002		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Application No.
09/665,617

Applicant(s)

Kino et al.

Examiner

Office Action Summary

Irene Marx

Art Unit 1651



	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears of	on the	cover she	et with	the correspondence address				
	d for Reply								
	HORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET E MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.	TO E	XPIRE	3	_ MONTH(S) FROM				
- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the									
	ing date of this communication. ie period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within th	e statut	ory minimum o	of thirty (30	days will be considered timely.				
- If NO	O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply ai are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the	nd will e	expire SIX (6) N	MONTHS fr	om the mailing date of this communication.				
- Any	reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the								
earn Status	ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).								
	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>Jul 24, 20</u>	02			·				
2a) 🗴	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.								
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.								
Dispo	sition of Claims								
4) X	Claim(s) <u>1-10</u>				is/are pending in the application.				
	4a) Of the above, claim(s)				is/are withdrawn from consideration.				
5)	Claim(s)				is/are allowed.				
6) X	Claim(s) 1-5				is/are rejected.				
7)	Claim(s)								
8) .	Claims		are	subject	to restriction and/or election requirement.				
Applic	cation Papers								
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examiner.								
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are	a)	accepted	or b)	objected to by the Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the di	rawin	g(s) be held	d in abey	vance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
11).	The proposed drawing correction filed on		is:	a) a	pproved b) disapproved by the Examiner.				
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.									
12)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exami	ner.							
Priorit	ty under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120								
13).	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign pr	iority	under 35	U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a) All b) Some* c) None of:									
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.									
 Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 									
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority do application from the International Burea				ceived in this National Stage				
*	See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the				eceived.				
14)	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic	priori	ty under 3	35 U.S.(C. § 119(e).				
a)	a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.								
Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.									
Attach	nment(s)								
1'	Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4)	Interview Sum	nmary .PTC	-413) Paper Nots:				
	Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	5	Notice of Info	rmal Patent	Application PTO-152				
3)	Information Disclosure Statement(s): PTO-1449' Paper No.s'.	6	Other:						

The amendment filed 7/24/02 is acknowledged. Claims 1-5 are being considered on the merits.

Claims 6-10 are withdrawn from consideration as directed to a non-elected invention.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

No basis or support is found in the present specification for the production and accumulation of all the recited amino acids by *E. coli* H-9341 or for resistance by this microorganism to 150 mg/l to all of the aminoquinoline derivatives recited. Resistance to primaquine by *E. coli* H-9341 is shown at page 10 of the specification and production of only the amino acid histidine is shown at page 12.

In addition, there is no clear basis or support for resistance to 150 mg/l to the recited aminoquinoline derivatives by any and all microorganisms or for the genera recited in claim 4.

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 1 is vague and indefinite in that it is unclear whether "having resistance to an aminoquinoline derivative... at 150 mg/l in a culture medium" means that this amount is provided every time the strain is cultured for the production of an amino acid. It appears that the microorganism are mutated and then screened for the recited "resistance". This is not the invention claimed.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kino *et al.* taken with Stanbury *et al.* for the reasons as stated in the last Office action and the further reasons below..

The claims are directed to the production of various amino acids with a microorganism having the ability to produce the amino acids and which is resistant to an aminoquinoline derivative at 150 mg/l in the culture medium.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments have been fully considered but they are not deemed to be persuasive.

Applicants arguments regarding the use of amino acid analogues in Stanbury are well taken. However, Kino *et al.* specifically demonstrate the use of primaquine and cloroquine in the mutation and selection for overproduction of an amino acid, and the teachings of Stanbury *et al.* are relied upon to shown a general procedure suitable to improve microbial strains for the

production of amino acids. The details pertinent to the instant process are provided by Kino *et al.*.

Applicant argues that the strain of Kino *et al.* has not been shown to produce amino acids other than tryptophan. However, only the specific strain of by *E. coli* H-9341, resistant to primaquine, has been shown to over-produce histidine. No other microorganism has been shown to be resistant to an aminoquinoline derivative at 150 mg/l in the culture medium and to over-produce an amino acid. As a matter of fact, the claim designated invention merely requires an ability of production and accumulation of an amino acid. It is submitted that generally microorganisms produce and accumulate more than one amino acid. There is no clear correlation between resistance to 150 mg/l of the claim designated aminoquinoline derivative and over-production of any and all amino acids by any and all microorganisms or microorganisms of the claim designated genera.

The scope of the showing must be commensurate with the scope of claims to consider evidence probative of unexpected results, for example. <u>In re Dill</u>, 202 USPQ 805 (CCPA, 1979), <u>In re Lindner</u> 173 USPQ 356 (CCPA 1972), <u>In re Hyson</u>, 172 USPQ 399 (CCPA 1972), <u>In re Boesch</u>, 205 USPQ 215, (CCPA 1980), <u>In re Grasselli</u>, 218 USPQ 769 (Fed. Cir. 1983), <u>In re Clemens</u>, 206 USPQ 289 (CCPA 1980). It should be clear that the probative value of the data is not commensurate in scope with the degree of protection sought by the claim.

Therefore the rejection is deemed proper and it is adhered to.

No claim is allowed.

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Irene Marx whose telephone number is (703) 308-2922. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 6:30 AM to 3:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Wityshyn, can be reached on (703) 308-4743. The appropriate fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 305-3592, (703) 308-4242 and (703) 305-3014.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to Customer Service whose telephone number is (703) 308-0198 or the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1235.

Irene Marx

Primary Examiner

Art Unit 1651